# dreamTAP®



Designed with hardware on its exterior, dreamTAP® offers greater tongue space with no obstructions. The single point of adjustment prevents uneven bilateral adjustment that may create an irregular bite and jaw discomfort. The hardware in dreamTAP® is made from nickel-free cobalt chromium.

# Features & Benefits

- **Reduces Sleep Apnea:** clinical data shows dreamTAP® is the most effective oral appliance available for the treatment of Obstructive Sleep Apnea.<sup>1</sup>
- Successful for severe snoring cases: AHI (apnea hypopnea index) decreased by 89% in severe Obstructive Sleep Apneaics.<sup>2</sup>
- Improves Patient's Sleep: The quality of their sleep has a huge impact on the overall quality of your patient's life
- Increases lateral and protrusive range of motion for better patient comfort and compliance

# **Indications**

- Anti-snoring
- Obstructive Sleep Apnea
- CPAP Intolerance

# Contraindications

- Loose teeth or dentures
- Central Sleep Apnea

# What to Send

- Upper and lower VPS impressions or digital files
- Centric bite registration
- Maximum protrusive measurement

#### Medical Insurance Codes

- G47.33 Diagnostic Code: Obstructive Sleep Apnea
- E0486: Oral Appliance to Treat Sleep Apnea (Medicare Approved)







# Simple Steps to a Maximum Protrusive Measurement

- Instruct the patient to protrude their mandible as far as possible
- While in the most protrusive position, use a ruler to measure from the labio-incisal of upper centrals to lingual-incisal of lower incisors

If you are going to file for insurance to cover the costs of the dreamTAP®, file for medical insurance, not dental insurance.

These codes have all had successful prior approval. Be sure to have a note of medical necessity signed by the prescriber and a description of the dreamTAP® and its function.

<sup>1</sup>Thornton Meta-Analysis, 2015. Unpublished

<sup>2</sup>Hoekema A. et al, Simulated driving in obstructive sleep apnoea-hypopnoea; effects of oral appliances and continuous positive airway pressure (Sleep Breath, 2007), 11:129-138.

